

## NAG C Library Function Document

### nag\_bessel\_i\_nu\_scaled (s18ecc)

#### 1 Purpose

nag\_bessel\_i\_nu\_scaled (s18ecc) returns the value of the scaled modified Bessel function  $e^{-x}I_{\nu/4}(x)$  for real  $x > 0$ .

#### 2 Specification

```
double nag_bessel_i_nu_scaled (double x, Integer nu, NagError *fail)
```

#### 3 Description

This routine evaluates an approximation to the scaled modified Bessel function of the first kind  $e^{-x}I_{\nu/4}(x)$ , where the order  $\nu = -3, -2, -1, 1, 2$  or  $3$  and  $x$  is real and positive. For positive orders it may also be called with  $x = 0$ , since  $I_{\nu/4}(0) = 0$  when  $\nu > 0$ . For negative orders the formula

$$I_{-\nu/4}(x) = I_{\nu/4}(x) + \frac{2}{\pi} \sin\left(\frac{\pi\nu}{4}\right) K_{\nu/4}(x)$$

is used prior to multiplication by the scale factor  $e^{-x}$ .

#### 4 Parameters

- 1: **x** – double *Input*  
*On entry:* the argument  $x$  of the function.  
*Constraints:*  
     **x** > 0.0 when **nu** < 0,  
     **x** ≥ 0.0 when **nu** > 0.
- 2: **nu** – Integer *Input*  
*On entry:* the argument  $\nu$  of the function.  
*Constraint:*  $1 \leq \text{abs}(\mathbf{nu}) \leq 3$ .
- 3: **fail** – NagError \* *Input/Output*  
 The NAG error parameter (see the Essential Introduction).

#### 5 Error Indicators and Warnings

##### NE\_REAL\_INT

On entry, **x** = <value>, **nu** = <value>.

Constraint: **x** > 0.0 when **nu** < 0.

On entry, **x** = <value>, **nu** = <value>.

Constraint: **x** ≥ 0.0 when **nu** > 0.

##### NE\_INT

On entry, **nu** = <value>.

Constraint:  $1 \leq \text{abs}(\mathbf{nu}) \leq 3$ .

**NE\_OVERFLOW\_LIKELY**

The evaluation has been abandoned due to the likelihood of overflow. The result is returned as zero.

**NW\_SOME\_PRECISION\_LOSS**

The evaluation has been completed but some precision has been lost.

**NE\_TOTAL\_PRECISION\_LOSS**

The evaluation has been abandoned due to total loss of precision. The result is returned as zero.

**NE\_TERMINATION\_FAILURE**

The evaluation has been abandoned due to failure to satisfy the termination condition. The result is returned as zero.

**NE\_INTERNAL\_ERROR**

An internal error has occurred in this function. Check the function call and any array sizes. If the call is correct then please consult NAG for assistance.

**6 Further Comments****6.1 Accuracy**

All constants in the underlying functions are specified to approximately 18 digits of precision. If  $t$  denotes the number of digits of precision in the floating-point arithmetic being used, then clearly the maximum number of correct digits in the results obtained is limited by  $p = \min(t, 18)$ . Because of errors in argument reduction when computing elementary functions inside the underlying functions, the actual number of correct digits is limited, in general, by  $p - s$ , where  $s \approx \max(1, |\log_{10} x|)$  represents the number of digits lost due to the argument reduction. Thus the larger the value of  $x$ , the less the precision in the result.

**6.2 References**

Abramowitz M and Stegun I A (1972) *Handbook of Mathematical Functions* Dover Publications (3rd Edition)

**7 See Also**

None.

**8 Example**

The example program reads values of the arguments  $x$  and  $\nu$  from a file, evaluates the function and prints the results.

**8.1 Program Text**

```
/* nag_bessel_i_nu_scaled (s18ecc) Example Program.
 *
 * Copyright 2000 Numerical Algorithms Group.
 *
 * NAG C Library
 *
 * Mark 6, 2000.
 */

#include <nag.h>
#include <nag_stdlib.h>
```

```

#include <nags.h>

int main(void)
{
    double x;
    double y;
    Integer exit_status=0;
    Integer nu;
    NagError fail;

    INIT_FAIL(fail);
    Vprintf("s18ecc Example Program Results\n\n");
    /* Skip heading in data file */
    Vscanf("%*[^\\n]");
    Vprintf("\n x      nu      y\n\n");
    while (scanf("%lf %ld%*[^\\n]", &x, &nu) != EOF)
    {
        y = s18ecc (x, nu, &fail);
        if (fail.code == NE_NOERROR)
            Vprintf("%4.1f %6ld %12.4e\n", x, nu, y);
        else
        {
            Vprintf("Error from s18ecc.\n%s\n", fail.message);
            exit_status = 1;
            goto END;
        }
    }
    END:
    return exit_status;
}

```

## 8.2 Program Data

```

s18ecc Example Program Data
3.9  -3
1.4  -2
8.2  -1
6.7   1
0.5   2
2.3   3 : Values of x and nu

```

## 8.3 Program Results

```

s18ecc Example Program Results

```

x	nu	y
3.9	-3	1.9272e-01
1.4	-2	3.5767e-01
8.2	-1	1.4103e-01
6.7	1	1.5649e-01
0.5	2	3.5664e-01
2.3	3	2.3748e-01

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